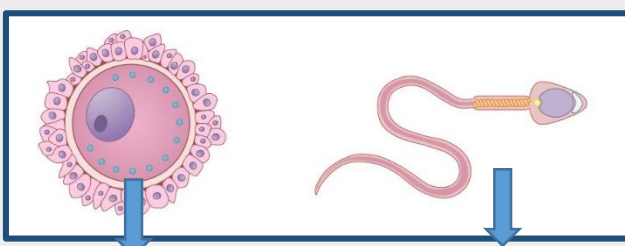
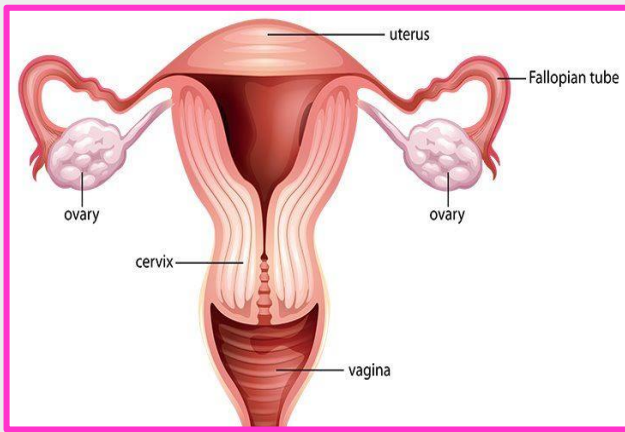


Biology: Reproduction

Key word	Definition
Testes	Produce sperm and the male sex hormones
Semen	The mixture of sperm and fluid
Urethra	A tube that carries urine from the bladder out of the body
Ovaries	Contain egg cells
Oviducts (fallopian tube)	They carry an egg to the uterus
Uterus (womb)	This is where the baby develops until it is born
Cervix	A ring of muscle at the entrance of the uterus to keep the baby in place
Vagina	Where the man's penis enters the females body
fertilisation	The process where the nucleus of a sperm cell joins with the nucleus of an egg cell
placenta	An organ where substances pass between mother and fetus's blood.
Umbilical cord	Connects the fetus to the placenta
Menstrual cycle	Monthly cycle when the uterus lining thickens, breaks down and leaves the body if an egg is not fertilised
Contraception	A method of preventing pregnancy
Adolescence	The period of time when a child changes into an adult
Puberty	The physical changes that take place during adolescence

Female Reproductive System



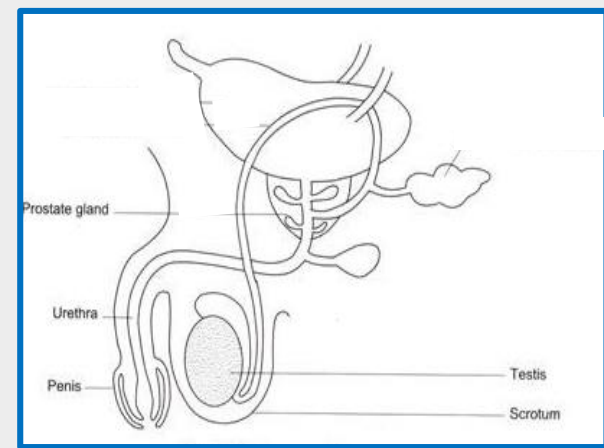
Egg cell

- Large
- Nucleus with 23 chromosomes from the mother

Sperm cell

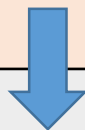
- Tail for movement
- Nucleus with 23 chromosomes from the father

Male Reproductive System



Changes During Puberty

Male	Female
Voice deepens	Breasts develop
Testes and penis gets bigger	Ovaries release eggs
Testes produce sperm	Periods
Hair on chest and face	Hips widen
Pubic hair grows/ body odour/emotional changes	



Caused by sex hormones

